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Tips for Your Disaster Supplies Kit

- Keep a smaller Evacuation Kit in the trunk of each car.
- Keep items in airtight plastic bags.
- Replace stored food and water every six months.
- Rethink your kit and family needs at least once a year.
- Ask your physician or pharmacist about storing prescription medications.
- Use an easy-to-carry container for the supplies you would most likely need for an evacuation, like a large, covered trash container or a cargo container that will fit on the roof.

In Your Disaster Supply Kit

- A portable, battery-powered radio or television and extra batteries
- Flashlight and extra batteries
- First aid kit and first aid manual
- Blanket, pillows, bedding
- Supply of prescription medications
- List of family physicians, important medical information, and the style and serial number of medical devices, such as pacemakers
- Credit card and cash
- Whistle
- Important documents in an airtight container
- An extra set of car keys
- Matches in a waterproof container
- Signal flare
- Map of the area and phone numbers of places you could go.
- First Aid Kit / Medicines / Prescription Drugs
- Toiletries / Hygiene items / Moisture wipes
- Flashlight / Batteries
- One complete change of clothing and footwear for each family member
- Toys, Books and Games
- Tools
- Water purification tablets like Halazone or Globaline
- Water - at least 1 gallon daily per person for 3 to 7 days
- Food - at least enough for 3 to 7 days
 - non-perishable packaged or canned food / juices
 - foods for infants or the elderly
 - snack foods
 - non-electric can opener
 - cooking tools / fuel
 - kitchen accessories (paper plates / plastic utensils/manual can opener)

Special items:

- For baby: formula, diapers, bottles, powdered milk, medications.
- For elderly or disabled adults: heart and high blood pressure medication, insulin, prescription drugs, denture needs, contact lenses and supplies, extra eyeglasses, and hearing aid batteries.